Report on the

Marshall County Board of Education

Marshall County, Alabama
October 1, 2020 through September 30, 2021

Filed: August 26, 2022



Department of Examiners of Public Accounts

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Rachel Laurie Riddle, Chief Examiner



State of Alabama

Department of

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Rachel Laurie Riddle Chief Examiner

Honorable Rachel Laurie Riddle Chief Examiner of Public Accounts Montgomery, Alabama 36130

Dear Madam:

An audit was conducted on the Marshall County Board of Education, Marshall County, Alabama, for the period October 1, 2020 through September 30, 2021, by Examiners Brittany Parker and Khaliyah Malone. I, Brittany Parker, served as Examiner-in-Charge on the engagement, and under the authority of the *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 41-5A-19, I hereby swear to and submit this report to you on the results of the audit.

Respectfully submitted,

Brittany Parker

Examiner of Public Accounts

Britany Parker

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Marshall County
Board of Education

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Department of **Examiners of Public Accounts**

SUMMARY

Marshall County Board of Education October 1, 2020 through September 30, 2021

The Marshall County Board of Education (the "Board") is governed by a five-member body elected by the citizens of Marshall County. The members and administrative personnel in charge of governance of the Board are listed in Exhibit 16. The Board is the governmental agency that provides general administration and supervision for Marshall County public schools, preschool through high school, with the exception of schools administered by the Albertville, Arab, Boaz and Guntersville City Boards of Education.

This report presents the results of an audit the objectives of which were to determine whether the financial statements present fairly the financial position and results of financial operations and whether the Board complied with applicable laws and regulations, including those applicable to its major federal financial assistance programs. The audit was conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States as well as the requirements of the Department of Examiners of Public Accounts under the authority of the *Code of Alabama* 1975, Section 41-5A-12.

An unmodified opinion was issued on the financial statements, which means that the Board's financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, its financial position and the results of its operations for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

AUDIT FINDINGS

Findings that were presented in prior audits have not been resolved as shown on the Schedule of State and Local Compliance and Other Findings and they are summarized below.

- ♦ 2021-001 relates to the Board's failure to ensure compliance with applicable laws relating to the Alabama Competitive Bid Law. This finding was previously reported as Finding 2019-001 and Finding 2020-001.
- ♦ 2021-002 relates to the Board's failure to ensure compliance with applicable laws relating to the Alabama Public Works Law. This finding was previously reported as Finding 2020-002.

22-361 A

EXIT CONFERENCE

Board members and administrative personnel, as reflected on Exhibit 16, were invited to discuss the results of this report at an exit conference. Individuals in attendance were: Chief School Financial Officer Bob Hagood; and Board Members: Tony Simmons, Joe Van Bunch, Mark Rains and Brian Naugher. Also in attendance were representatives from the Department of Examiners of Public Accounts: April S. Purser, Audit Manager; and Brittany Parker and Khaliyah Malone, Examiners of Public Accounts.

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Schedule of State and Local Compliance and Other Findings

Schedule of State and Local Compliance and Other Findings For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Ref. No.

Finding/Noncompliance

2021-001

Finding:

The Code of Alabama 1975, Section 16-13B-1, requires all expenditure of funds of whatever nature for labor, services, work, or for the purchase of materials, equipment, supplies, or other personal property involving fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) or more made by or on behalf of any county board of education to be made under contractual agreement entered into by free and open competitive bidding, on sealed bids, to the lowest responsible bidder. Additionally, the *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 16-13B-4(d), provides that all original bids, together with all documents pertaining to the award of the contract, be retained in accordance with a retention period of at least seven years established by the Local Government Records Commission and to be open to public inspection. During the audit period, the Marshall County Board of Education (the "Board") expended in excess of \$15,000 for various goods or services without properly bidding them or maintaining documentation of items purchased utilizing the State of Alabama's Statewide Contract bid list, joint purchasing agreements, or other means. The Board did not have procedures in place to ensure expenditures which met the competitive bid law threshold requirements were competitively bid and that all documentation of the awarding of contracts was retained in accordance with statute. As a result, the Board did not ensure a fair and competitive purchasing process was followed in the awarding of some contracts. This was previously reported as Finding 2019-001 and Finding 2020-001.

Recommendation:

The Board should ensure compliance with the *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 16-13B-1 and Section 16-13B-4(d), relating to the Alabama Competitive Bid Law.

Schedule of State and Local Compliance and Other Findings For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

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No. Finding/Noncompliance

2021-002 **Finding:**

The *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 39-1-1(g), provides for contracts less than \$50,000.00, a notice of final completion must be published one time in a newspaper of general circulation, published in the county of the contracting agency, and shall post the notice of final completion on the contracting agency's bulletin board for one week. Additionally, the contractor shall certify under oath that all bills have been paid in full. Final settlement with the contractor may be made any time after the notice has been posted for one entire week. The Board did not publish a notice of final completion in a newspaper or on their bulletin board for one week before making final payment on 4 public works contracts which were less than \$50,000.00. Also, the Board did not require the contractor to certify under oath that all bills were paid in full. The Board did not have procedures in place to ensure expenditures which met the public works requirements were properly advertised upon completion or to require the contractor to certify under oath that all bills were paid in full. As a result, the Board did not ensure all requirements for public works contracts were met. This was previously reported as Finding 2020-002.

Recommendation:

The Board should ensure compliance with the *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 39-1-1(g), relating to the Alabama Public Works Law.





Independent Auditor's Report

Members of the Marshall County Board of Education, Superintendent and Chief School Financial Officer Guntersville, Alabama

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Marshall County Board of Education, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Marshall County Board of Education's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents as Exhibits 1 through 8.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Marshall County Board of Education, as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

The Marshall County Board of Education's basic financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2021, reflect the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Statement Number 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The Marshall County Board of Education implemented the requirements of GASB Statement Number 84 during the fiscal year. See Note 13 of the accompanying financial statements for the impact of the standard's implementation. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), the Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability, the Schedules of the Employer's Contributions, and the Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual (Exhibits 9 through 14), be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

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Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Marshall County Board of Education's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Exhibit 15), as required by Title 2 U. S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), is presented for the purpose of additional analysis, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 8, 2022, on our consideration of the Marshall County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Marshall County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Marshall County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rachel Laurie Riddle Chief Examiner

Kachel Jamie Kiddle

Department of Examiners of Public Accounts

Montgomery, Alabama

August 8, 2022



Statement of Net Position September 30, 2021

	Govern Activ	
Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 7,10	3,663.15
Investments	23	3,788.86
Ad Valorem Property Taxes Receivable	7,86	9,276.93
Receivables (Note 4)	4,75	9,727.59
Inventories	13	5,368.99
Capital Assets (Note 5):		
Nondepreciable	4,00	0,190.53
Depreciable, Net	42,76	8,706.61
Total Assets	66,87	0,722.66
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Employer Pension Contribution	4,00	9,081.28
Proportionate Share of Collective Deferred Outflows Related to Net Pension Liability		9,000.00
Employer Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Contribution	90	5,858.00
Proportionate Share of Collective Deferred Outflows Related to Net Other		
Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability	14,89	3,256.00
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	29,24	7,195.28
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	80	9,113.17
Unearned Revenue	30	2,984.35
Salaries and Benefits Payable	4,51	9,453.25
Accrued Interest Payable	4	5,784.04
Long-Term Liabilities:		
Portion Due or Payable Within One Year	84	4,951.11
Portion Due or Payable After One Year	108,58	31,012.29
Total Liabilities	115,10	3,298.21
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	7,86	9,276.93
Revenue Received in Advance - Motor Vehicle Taxes		9,282.72
Proportionate Share of Collective Deferred Inflows Related to Net Pension Liability	1,83	2,000.00
Proportionate Share of Collective Deferred Inflows Related to Net OPEB Liability	23,51	3,640.00
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 33,81	4,199.65

	Governmental Activities		
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 28,363,437.76		
Restricted for:			
Debt Service	1,829,104.00		
Other Purposes	3,875,523.76		
Unrestricted	(86,867,645.44)		
Total Net Position	_\$ (52,799,579.92)		

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

					P	Program Revenues				Net (Expenses) Revenues nd Changes in Net Position	
Functions/Programs	Expenses			Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Total Governmental Activities	
Governmental Activities											
Instruction	\$	34,875,965.33	\$	660,879.71	\$	30,709,096.64	\$	805,987.32	\$	(2,700,001.66)	
Instructional Support		10,532,115.97		117,929.79		9,669,218.05				(744,968.13)	
Operation and Maintenance		6,429,727.26		114,345.90		3,114,221.74		1,581,907.68		(1,619,251.94)	
Auxiliary Services:		4 400 540 07		40 407 40		0.700.070.04		500 457 00		(404.040.47)	
Student Transportation		4,496,540.27		16,497.49		3,790,672.31		588,157.00		(101,213.47)	
Food Service		4,170,988.94		3,008,080.83		516,581.83				(646,326.28)	
General Administrative and Central Support		3,052,305.94		493.28		1,738,276.10				(1,313,536.56)	
Interest and Fiscal Charges Other		615,096.60 2,933,355.26		308,168.67		2,158,968.22				(615,096.60) (466,218.37)	
Total Governmental Activities	\$	67,106,095.57	\$	4,226,395.67	\$	51,697,034.89	\$	2,976,052.00		(8,206,613.01)	
	Ta	ral Revenues:	•	I.D.						7 504 700 04	
		Property Taxes for		•						7,531,730.34	
		Sales and Use Ta. Other Taxes	x tor	General Purposes						2,100,235.89 37,144.62	
		estment Earnings								96.972.23	
		esunent Earnings scellaneous								3,083,170.49	
	IVIIS	Total General R	امریم	nue						12,849,253.57	
		Total Ocheral IV	CVCI	iucs						12,049,200.01	
		Changes in N	let P	osition						4,642,640.56	
	Net F	osition - Beginnin	g of	Year						(57,442,220.48)	
	Net F	osition - End of Y	ear						\$	(52,799,579.92)	

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit #2

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2021

	General Fund		Special Revenue Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,410,834.43	\$	1,931,060.50	\$ 3,761,768.22	\$ 7,103,663.1
Investments	233,788.86	Ψ	1,001,000.00	Ψ 0,701,700.22	233,788.80
Ad Valorem Property Taxes Receivable	7,869,276.93				7,869,276.9
Receivables (Note 4)	633,078.56		4,126,649.03		4,759,727.59
Due from Other Funds	3,322,586.48		., .20,0 .0.00		3,322,586.4
Inventories	0,022,000.10		135,368.99		135,368.9
Total Assets	13,469,565.26		6,193,078.52	3,761,768.22	23,424,412.00
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances					
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Accounts Payable	296,721.66		333,449.34	178,942.17	809,113.1
Due to Other Funds			3,322,586.48		3,322,586.4
Unearned Revenue			302,984.35		302,984.3
Salaries and Benefits Payable	4,302,500.84		207,149.35	9,803.06	4,519,453.2
Total Liabilities	4,599,222.50		4,166,169.52	188,745.23	8,954,137.2
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	7,869,276.93				7,869,276.9
Revenue Received in Advance - Motor Vehicle Taxes	599,282.72				599,282.7
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	8,468,559.65				8,468,559.6
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable:					
Inventories			135,368.99		135,368.99
Restricted for:					
Debt Service				1,874,888.04	1,874,888.0
Child Nutrition			515,441.07		515,441.0
Other Purposes	1,530,020.00			1,698,134.95	3,228,154.9
Assigned to:					
Local Schools			1,376,098.94		1,376,098.9
Unassigned	(1,128,236.89)				(1,128,236.8
Total Fund Balances	401,783.11		2,026,909.00	3,573,022.99	6,001,715.1
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 13,469,565.26	\$	6,193,078.52	\$ 3,761,768.22	\$ 23,424,412.00

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Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2021

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit 3)

\$ 6,001,715.10

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1) are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.

The Cost of Capital Assets is Accumulated Depreciation is

\$ 74,633,066.05 (27,864,168.91)

46,768,897.14

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

11,616,081.28

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) obligations are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

(7,714,526.00)

Long-term liabilities, including pension and OPEB obligations and bonds/warrants payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.

Current Portion of Long-Term Debt Noncurrent Portion of Long-Term Debt \$ 844,951.11 108,581,012.29

(109,425,963.40)

Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in the governmental funds but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.

Accrued Interest Payable

\$ 45,784.04

(45,784.04)

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities (Exhibit 1)

\$ (52,799,579.92)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues				
State	\$ 40,933,287.04	\$ 49,158.97	\$ 2,971,951.00	\$ 43,954,397.01
Federal	273,531.82	13,315,011.29	Ψ 2,371,331.00	13,588,543.11
Local	10,994,254.90	1,338,332.65	61,512.24	12,394,099.79
Other	288,904.24	27,785.90	01,512.24	316,690.14
Total Revenues	52,489,978.00	14,730,288.81	3,033,463.24	70,253,730.05
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction	26,260,933.31	7,306,600.47		33,567,533.78
Instructional Support	8,394,250.57	2,168,406.23		10,562,656.80
Operation and Maintenance	4,633,095.81	554,861.55	1,110,285.40	6,298,242.76
Auxiliary Services:				
Student Transportation	3,864,967.40	58,378.14		3,923,345.54
Food Service		4,560,384.25		4,560,384.25
General Administrative and Central Support	2,764,653.38	482,506.70	2,382.06	3,249,542.14
Other	2,330,330.21	625,097.69		2,955,427.90
Capital Outlay	299,121.13	63,055.61	2,660,254.71	3,022,431.45
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	375,747.75		390,000.00	765,747.75
Interest and Fiscal Charges	431,349.29		122,045.89	553,395.18
Other Debt Service	1,501.37			1,501.37
Total Expenditures	49,355,950.22	15,819,290.64	4,284,968.06	69,460,208.92
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	3,134,027.78	(1,089,001.83)	(1,251,504.82)	793,521.13
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Indirect Cost	637,722.79			637,722.79
Long-Term Debt Issued			722,614.75	722,614.75
Transfers In	22,651.74	1,220,803.46	1,244,115.29	2,487,570.49
Other Financing Sources	34,247.43		1,460,758.65	1,495,006.08
Sale of Capital Assets	36,080.90			36,080.90
Transfers Out	(2,464,918.75)	(22,651.74)		(2,487,570.49)
Payments to Refunding Escrow Agent			(720,736.89)	(720,736.89)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,734,215.89)	1,198,151.72	2,706,751.80	2,170,687.63
Net Changes in Fund Balances	1,399,811.89	109,149.89	1,455,246.98	2,964,208.76
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	(998,028.78)	1,917,759.11	2,117,776.01	3,037,506.34
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 401,783.11	\$ 2,026,909.00	\$ 3,573,022.99	\$ 6,001,715.10

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Board of Education 7 Exhibit #5

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds (Ex	xhibit 5)		\$	2,964,208.76
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of are different because:	of Activities (E	exhibit 2)		
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the callocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense in by which capital outlays differed from depreciation expense in	cost of those a ense. This is	assets is		
Capital Outlays Depreciation Expense	\$	3,022,431.45 (2,147,662.37)	-	874,769.08
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the government long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does of Activities.				765,747.75
Payments to refunding escrow agent are recorded as other fina governmental funds, but reduces long-term liabilities in the Stand does not affect the Statement of Activities.	•			720,736.89
Proceeds from the issuance of debt are reported as other finance governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund debt increases liabilities in the Statement of Net Position but of Statement of Activities.	balance. Issu	uing long-term		(722,614.75)
In the Statement of Activities, only the gain or loss on the sale of reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds financial resources. The change in net position differs from the by this amount.	rom the sale i	ncrease		
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets Loss on Disposition of Capital Assets	\$	(36,080.90) (1,391.74)	_	(37,472.64)

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

Accrued Interest Payable, Current Year (Increase)/Decrease	\$ (27,969.36)
Compensated Absences, Current Year (Increase)/Decrease	41,765.00
Amortization of Warrant Premiums	(32,230.69)
Pension Expense, Current Year (Increase)/Decrease	(1,904,423.48)
OPEB Expense, Current Year (Increase)/Decrease	2.000.124.00

77,265.47

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 2)

\$ 4,642,640.56

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position September 30, 2021

		Custodial Fund	
<u>Assets</u>	¢.	242 607 54	
Cash Other Assets	\$	212,697.51 212.64	
Total Assets		212,910.15	
Liabilities			
Due to External Organizations		2,616.32	
Total Liabilities		2,616.32	
Net Position			
Held for External Organizations		210,293.83	
Total Net Position	\$	210,293.83	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Custodial Fund
Additions	
Other Sources	\$ 428,361.75
Total Additions	428,361.75
<u>Deductions</u>	
Instruction	168,248.51
Instructional Support	23,388.65
Operation and Maintenance	17,773.24
Auxiliary Service:	
Student Transportation	3,547.15
Other	 158,705.79
Total Deductions	371,663.34
Changes in Net Position	56,698.41
Net Position - Beginning of Year, as Restated (Note 13)	 153,595.42
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 210,293.83

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Marshall County Board of Education (the "Board") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Board is governed by a separately elected board composed of five members elected by the qualified electors of the County. The Board is responsible for the general administration and supervision of the public schools for the educational interests of the County with the exception of Albertville, Arab, Boaz, and Guntersville City Boards of Education.

Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) require that the financial reporting entity consist of the primary government and its component units. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements present the Board (a primary government).

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based on the application of these criteria, there are no component units which should be included as part of the financial reporting entity of the Board.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the Board. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Board's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The Board does not allocate indirect expenses to the various functions. Program revenues include (a) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or program and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the Board's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds in the Other Governmental Funds' column.

The Board reports the following major governmental funds:

- ◆ <u>General Fund</u> The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Board. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The Board primarily receives revenues from the Education Trust Fund (ETF) and local taxes. Amounts appropriated from the ETF were allocated to the school board on a formula basis.
- ◆ <u>Special Revenue Fund</u> This fund is used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. Various federal, state and local funding sources are included in this fund. Some of the significant federal funding sources include the federal funds that are received for Coronavirus Relief, Education Stabilization, Special Education, Title I, and the Child Nutrition Program in addition to various smaller grants, which are required to be spent for the purposes of the applicable federal grants. Also included in this fund are the public and non-public funds received by the local schools which are generally not considered restricted or committed.

The Board reports the following fund types in the Other Governmental Funds' column:

Governmental Fund Types

- ♦ <u>Capital Projects Fund</u> This fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlay, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. Also included in this fund are Alabama Department of Education appropriations which are restricted to their use.
- ◆ <u>Debt Service Fund</u> This fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest and the accumulation of resources for principal and interest payments in future years.

The Board reports the following fiduciary fund type:

Fiduciary Fund Type

• <u>Custodial Fund</u> – This fund is used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Board gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Board considers revenues to be available when they are collected within sixty (60) days of the end of the current fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. General long-term debt issued and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the Board funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Board's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants and then by general revenues.

<u>D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balances</u>

1. Deposits and Investments

Cash includes cash on hand and demand deposits.

Statutes authorize the Board to invest in obligations of the U. S. Treasury, obligations of any state of the United States, general obligations of any Alabama county or city board of education secured by the pledged the three-mill school tax and certificates of deposit.

Investments are reported at fair value.

2. Receivables

Millage rates for property taxes are levied at the first regular meeting of the County Commission in February of the initial year of the levy. Property is assessed for taxation as of October 1 of the preceding year based on the millage rates established by the County Commission. Property taxes are due and payable the following October 1 and are delinquent after December 31. Amounts receivable, net of estimated refunds and estimated uncollectible amounts, are recorded for the property taxes levied in the current year. However, since the amounts are not available to fund current year operations, the revenue is deferred and recognized in the subsequent fiscal year when the taxes are both due and collectible and available to fund operations.

Receivables due from other governments include amounts due from grantors for grants issued for specific programs and taxes from local governments.

3. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

4. Restricted Assets

Certain funds received from the State Department of Education for capital projects and improvements, as well as certain resources set aside for repayment of debt, included in cash and cash equivalents on the financial statements, are considered restricted assets because they are maintained separately and their use is limited. The Public-School Capital Projects, Fleet Renewal, Bond Issue Payments, and Bonds and Warrants funding sources are used to report proceeds that are restricted for use in various construction projects and the purchase of school buses. The Debt Service Fund is used to report resources set aside to pay the principal and interest on debt as it becomes due.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Major outlays of capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the assets estimated useful life. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold	Estimated Useful Life
Land Improvements – Exhaustible	\$50,000	20 years
Buildings and Improvements	\$50,000	7 – 50 years
Vehicles, Equipment, and Furniture	\$ 5,000	5 – 15 years

6. Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are reported in the Statement of Net Position. Deferred outflows of resources are defined as a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred outflows of resources increase net position, similar to assets.

7. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities Statement of Net Position. Bond/Warrant premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt. Bonds/Warrants payable are reported gross, with the applicable bond/warrant premium reported on separate lines. Bond/Warrant issuance costs are reported as an expense in the period incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond/warrant premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

8. Compensated Absences

The Board's vacation leave policy consists of the following: All administrative and supervisory personnel with less than 15 years of service who are employed for twelve months are entitled to earn 5/6 (.8333) of a day vacation leave per month. All administrative and supervisory personnel with 15 or more years of service who are employed for twelve months are entitled to earn one-day vacation leave per month and personnel with 20 or more years of service earn 1.25 days of vacation leave per month. Unused leave days may be carried over to the next year. The Board will pay for a maximum of 20 days-unused vacation leave upon resignation or retirement of any employee with less than 15 years of service and a maximum of 30-days unused vacation leave for any employee with more than 15 years of service.

9. Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources are reported in the government-wide and fund financial statements. Deferred inflows of resources are defined as an acquisition of net position/fund balances by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources decrease net position/fund balances, similar to liabilities.

10. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net position is reported on the government-wide financial statements and is required to be classified for accounting and reporting purposes into the following net position categories:

- ♦ Net Investment in Capital Assets Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets plus or minus any deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to those assets or related debt. Any significant unspent related debt proceeds and any deferred outflows or inflows at year-end related to capital assets are not included in this calculation.
- <u>Restricted</u> Constraints imposed on net position by external creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, or law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- ♦ <u>Unrestricted</u> The net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted portion of net position. Assignments and commitments of unrestricted net position should not be reported on the face of the Statement of Net Position.

Fund balance is reported in governmental funds in the fund financial statements under the following five categories:

- A. Nonspendable fund balances include amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Examples of nonspendable fund balance reserves for which fund balance shall not be available for financing general operating expenditures include: inventories, prepaid items, and long-term receivables.
- B. Restricted fund balances consist of amounts that are subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- C. Committed fund balances consist of amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint imposed by formal action or resolution of the Board which is the highest level of decision making authority before the end of the fiscal year and that require the same level of formal action to remove or modify the constraint.

- D. Assigned fund balances consist of amounts that are intended to be used by the Board for specific purposes. The Board authorized the Superintendent or Chief School Financial Officer to decide of the assigned amounts of fund balance. Such assignments may not exceed the available (spendable, unrestricted, uncommitted) fund balance in any particular fund. Assigned fund balances require the same level of authority to remove the constraint.
- E. Unassigned fund balances include all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. This portion of the total fund balance in the General Fund is available to finance operating expenditures.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) amounts are available, it shall be the policy of the Board to consider restricted amounts to have been reduced first. When an expenditure is incurred for the purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, it shall be the policy of the Board that committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

The Board recognizes that the establishment and maintenance of adequate fund reserves is necessary to avoid disruption in the educational programs in the schools. The Superintendent or Chief School Financial Officer will inform the Board, before the Board votes on a budget or budget amendment, if the approval of the budget or budget amendment will prevent the establishment or maintenance of a one-month's operating balance. A one-month's operating balance shall be determined by dividing the General Fund expenditures and fund transfers out by 12. In determining the General Fund expenditures and fund transfers out, the current proposed or budget amendment shall be used.

E. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, the Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama (the "Plan") financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized as revenues when earned, pursuant to Plan requirements. Benefits and refunds are recognized as revenues when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan. Expenses are recognized when the corresponding liability is incurred, regardless of when the payment is made. Investments are reported at fair value. Financial statements are prepared in accordance with requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Under these requirements, the Plan is considered a component unit of the State of Alabama and is included in the State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

F. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

The Alabama Retired Education Employees' Health Care Trust (the "Trust") financial statements are prepared by using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Trust and additions to/deductions from the Trust's fiduciary net position. Plan member contributions are recognized when due pursuant to plan requirements. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Subsequent events were evaluated by management through the date the financial statements were issued.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund with the exception of salaries and benefits, which are budgeted only to the extent expected to be paid rather than on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Also, ad valorem taxes and sales taxes in the General Fund are budgeted only to the extent expected to be received rather than on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The Capital Projects Fund adopts project-length budgets. All other governmental funds adopt budgets on the modified accrual basis of accounting. All appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

On or before October 1 of each year, each county board of education shall prepare and submit to the State Superintendent of Education the annual budget to be adopted by the County Board of Education. The Superintendent or County Board of Education shall not approve any budget for operations of the school for any fiscal year which shall show expenditures in excess of income estimated to be available plus any balances on hand.

Note 3 – Deposits and Investments

A. Deposits

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Board will not be able to cover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Board's deposits at year-end were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the Security for Alabama Funds Enhancement Program (SAFE Program). The SAFE Program was established by the Alabama Legislature and is governed by the provisions contained in the *Code of Alabama 1975*, Sections 41-14A-1 through 41-14A-14. Under the SAFE Program all public funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the Alabama State Treasurer's Office. Under this program, financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that financial institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). If the securities pledged fail to produce adequate funds, every institution participating in the pool would share the liability for the remaining balance.

B. Cash with Fiscal Agent

The Board has cash with fiscal agent, totaling \$1,874,888.04 in the Debt Service Fund, which is included in Cash and Cash Equivalents. These funds are held by the State of Alabama for future debt payment of the Capital Improvement Pool Qualified School Construction Bonds, Series 2009-D.

Note 4 – Receivables

On September 30, 2021, receivables for the Board's individual major funds are as follows:

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Total
Receivables: Intergovernmental Total Receivables	\$633,078.56	\$4,126,649.03	\$4,759,727.59
	\$633,078.56	\$4,126,649.03	\$4,759,727.59

Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Balance 10/01/2020	Additions	Deletions	Balance 09/30/2021
Covernmental Activities				
Governmental Activities: Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
	\$ 1,188,756.69	\$ 1,594,149.72	\$	\$ 2.782.906.41
Land and Land Improvements			Φ	+ , - ,
Construction in Progress	39,380.00	1,177,904.12		1,217,284.12
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	1,228,136.69	2,772,053.84		4,000,190.53
5 1		, ,		, ,
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Land Improvements – Exhaustible	342,902.82			342,902.82
Buildings and Building Improvements	57,819,151.84		(36,765.00)	57,782,386.84
Equipment and Furniture	13,211,048.09	250,377.61	(953,839.84)	12,507,585.86
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	71,373,102.75	250,377.61	(990,604.84)	70,632,875.52
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements – Exhaustible	(296,789.91)	(17,145.14)		(313,935.05)
Buildings and Building Improvements	(18,627,863.34)	(1,115,506.23)		(19,743,369.57)
Equipment and Furniture	(7,744,985.49)	(1,015,011.00)	953,132.20	(7,806,864.29)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(26,669,638.74)	(2,147,662.37)	953,132.20	(27,864,168.91)
Total Capital Assets	(20,000,000)	(=, : : : ; = = : : ;	000,.02.20	(=: ,00 :, :00:0 :)
Being Depreciated, Net	44,703,464.01	(1,897,284.76)	(37,472.64)	42,768,706.61
Governmental Activities		()== ,== ::: 0)	(= , =====)	,,
Capital Assets, Net	\$45,931,600.70	\$ 874,769.08	\$ (37,472.64)	\$ 46,768,897.14
Capital Assets, Net	\$45,931,600.70	\$ 874,769.08	\$ (37,472.64)	\$ 46,768,897.1

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

	Current Year Depreciation Expense
Governmental Activities:	
Instruction	\$1,190,975.44
Instructional Support	
Operation and Maintenance	142,608.36
Auxiliary Services: Student Transportation	702 644 02
Food Service	702,641.93 47,133.39
General Administrative and Central Support	64,303.25
• • •	
Total Depreciation Expense – Governmental Activities	\$2,147,662.37

Note 6 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

A. Plan Description

The Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama (TRS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement plan (the "Plan"), was established as of September 15, 1939, under the provisions of Act Number 419, Acts of Alabama 1939, for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other specified benefits for qualified persons employed by State-supported educational institutions. The responsibility for the general administration and operation of the TRS is vested in its Board of Control which consists of 15 trustees. The Plan is administered by the Retirement Systems of Alabama (RSA). The *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 16-25-2, grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRS Board of Control. The Plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.rsa-al.gov.

B. Benefits Provided

State law establishes retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits and any ad hoc increase in postretirement benefits for the TRS. Benefits for TRS members vest after 10 years of creditable service. TRS members who retire after age 60 with 10 years or more of creditable service or with 25 years of service (regardless of age) are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. Service and disability retirement benefits are based on a guaranteed minimum or a formula method, with the member receiving payment under the method that yields the highest monthly benefit. Under the formula method, members of the TRS are allowed 2.0125% of their average final compensation (highest 3 of the last 10 years) for each year of service.

Act Number 2012-377, Acts of Alabama, established a new tier of benefits (Tier 2) for members hired on or after January 1, 2013. Tier 2 TRS members are eligible for retirement after age 62 with 10 years or more of creditable service and are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. Service and disability retirement benefits are based on a guaranteed minimum or a formula method, with the member receiving payment under the method that yields the highest monthly benefit. Under the formula method, Tier 2 members of the TRS are allowed 1.65% of their average final compensation (highest 5 of the last 10 years) for each year of service. Members are eligible for disability retirement if they have 10 years of creditable service, are currently in-service, and determined by the RSA Medical Board to be permanently incapacitated from further performance of duty. Preretirement death benefits, equal to the annual earnable compensation of the member as reported to the Plan for the preceding year ending June30th, are paid to a qualified beneficiary.

C. Contributions

Tier 1 covered members of the TRS contributed 5% of earnable compensation to the TRS as required by statute until September 30, 2011. From October 1, 2011 to September 30, 2012, covered members of the TRS were required by statute to contribute 7.25% of earnable compensation. Effective October 1, 2012, covered members of the TRS are required by statute to contribute 7.50% of earnable compensation. Certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the TRS contributed 6% of earnable compensation as required by statute until September 30, 2011. From October 1, 2011 to September 30, 2012, certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the TRS were required by statute to contribute 8.25% of earnable compensation. Effective October 1, 2012, certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the TRS are required by statute to contribute 8.50% of earnable compensation.

Tier 2 covered members of the TRS contribute 6% of earnable compensation to the TRS as required by statute. Tier 2 certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the TRS are required by statute to contribute 7% of earnable compensation.

Participating employers' contractually required contribution rate for the year ended September 30, 2021, was 12.36% of annual pay for Tier 1 members and 11.22% of annual pay for Tier 2 members. These required contribution rates are a percent of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with member contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Total employer contributions to the pension plan from the Board were \$4,009,081.28 for the year ended September 30, 2021.

D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2021, the Board reported a liability of \$56,409,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net pension liability. The collective net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the collective net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2019. The Board's proportion of the collective net pension liability was based on the employers' shares of contributions to the pension plan relative to the total employer contributions of all participating TRS employers. At September 30, 2020, the Board's proportion was 0.456024%, which was an increase of 0.016594% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2019.

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For the year ended September 30, 2021, the Board recognized pension expense of \$5,914,000.00. At September 30, 2021, the Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$ 2,792,000.00 587,000.00	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between Employer	4,189,000.00	
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,871,000.00	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	4,009,081.28	
Total	\$13,448,081.28	\$1,832,000.00

The \$4,009,081.28 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending:	Year Ending:				
September 30, 2022	\$1,553,000.00				
2023	\$2,371,000.00				
2024	\$2,303,000.00				
2025	\$1,380,000.00				
2026	\$ 0.00				
Thereafter	\$ 0.00				

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of September 30, 2020, was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75%
Investment Rate of Return (*) 7.70%
Projected Salary Increases 3.25% - 5.00%

(*) Net of pension plan investment expense

The actuarial assumptions used for the purposes of determining the total pension liability were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period October 1, 2010 through September 30, 2015, and a discount rate of 7.70%, as adopted by the Board of Trustees on December 4, 2018.

Mortality rates for TRS were based on the RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table projected to 2020 using Scale BB and adjusted 115% for males and 112% for females age 78 and older. The rates of disabled mortality were based on the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2020 using Scale BB and adjusted 105% for males and 120% for females.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are as follows:

	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (*)
Fixed Income U. S. Large Stocks U. S. Mid Stocks U. S. Small Stocks International Developed Market Stocks International Emerging Market Stocks Alternatives Real Estate Cash Total (*) Includes assumed rate of inflation of 2	17.00% 32.00% 9.00% 4.00% 12.00% 3.00% 10.00% 3.00% 2.50%.	4.40% 8.00% 10.00% 11.00% 9.50% 11.00% 10.10% 7.50%

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.70%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, components of the pension plan's fiduciary net position were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Sensitivity of the Board's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the Board's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.70%, as well as what the Board's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.70%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.70%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.70%)	Current Discount Rate (7.70%)	1% Increase (8.70%)
Board's Proportionate Share of Collective Net Pension Liability (Dollar amounts in thousands)	\$75,261	\$56,409	\$40,457

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Pension

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued RSA Comprehensive Annual Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. The supporting actuarial information is included in the GASB Statement Number 67 Report for the TRS prepared as of September 30, 2020. The auditor's report dated April 23, 2021, on the Schedule of Employer Allocations and Pension Amounts by Employer and accompanying notes detail by employer and in aggregate information needed to comply with GASB Statement Number 68 as of September 30, 2020, along with supporting schedules is also available. The additional financial and actuarial information is available at www.rsa-al.gov.

Note 7 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

A. Plan Description

The Alabama Retired Education Employees' Health Care Trust (the "Trust") is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan that administers healthcare benefits to the retirees of participating state and local educational institutions. The Trust was established under the Alabama Retiree Health Care Funding Act of 2007 which authorized and directed the Public Education Employees' Health Insurance Board (PEEHIB) to create an irrevocable trust to fund postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees participating in the Public Education Employees' Health Insurance Plan (PEEHIP). Active and retiree health insurance benefits are paid through PEEHIP. In accordance with GASB, the Trust is considered a component unit of the State of Alabama (the "State") and is included in the State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

The PEEHIP was established in 1983 pursuant to the provisions of the *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 16-25A-4 (Act Number 83-455, Acts of Alabama), to provide a uniform plan of health insurance for active and retired employees of state and local educational institutions which provide instruction at any combination of grades K-14 (collectively, eligible employees), and to provide a method for funding the benefits related to the plan. The four-year universities participate in the plan with respect to their employees and are eligible and may elect to participate in the plan with respect to their active employees. Responsibility for the establishment of the health insurance plan and its general administration and operations is vested in the PEEHIB. The PEEHIB is a corporate body for purposes of management of the health insurance plan. The *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 16-25A-4, provides PEEHIB with the authority to amend the benefit provisions in order to provide reasonable assurance of stability in future years for the plan. All assets of the PEEHIP are held in trust for the payment of health insurance benefits. The Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama (TRS) has been appointed as the administrator of the PEEHIP and, consequently, serves as the administrator of the Trust.

B. Benefits Provided

PEEHIP offers a basic hospital medical plan to active members and non-Medicare eligible retirees. Benefits include inpatient hospitalization for a maximum of 365 days without a dollar limit, inpatient rehabilitation, outpatient care, physician services, and prescription drugs.

Active employees and non-Medicare eligible retirees who do not have Medicare eligible dependents can enroll in a health maintenance organization (HMO) in lieu of the basic hospital medical plan. The HMO includes hospital medical benefits, dental benefits, vision benefits, and an extensive formulary. However, participants in the HMO are required to receive care from a participating physician in the HMO plan.

The PEEHIP offers four optional plans (Hospital Indemnity, Cancer, Dental, and Vision) that may be selected in addition to or in lieu of the basic hospital medical plan or HMO. The Hospital Indemnity Plan provides a per-day benefit for hospital confinement, maternity, intensive care, cancer, and convalescent care. The Cancer Plan covers cancer disease only and benefits are provided regardless of other insurance. Coverage includes a per-day benefit for each hospital confinement related to cancer. The Dental Plan covers diagnostic and preventative services, as well as basic and major dental services. Diagnostic and preventative services include oral examinations, teeth cleaning, x-rays, and emergency office visits. Basic and major services include fillings, general aesthetics, oral surgery not covered under a Group Medical Program, periodontics, endodontics, dentures, bridgework, and crowns. Dental services are subject to a maximum of \$1,250 per year for individual coverage and \$1,000 per person per year for family coverage. The Vision Plan covers annual eye examinations, eyeglasses, and contact lens prescriptions.

PEEHIP members may opt to elect the PEEHIP Supplemental Plan as their hospital medical coverage in lieu of the PEEHIP Hospital Medical Plan. The PEEHIP Supplemental Plan provides secondary benefits to the member's primary plan provided by another employer. Only active and non-Medicare retiree members and dependents are eligible for the PEEHIP Supplemental Plan. There is no premium required for this plan, and the plan covers most out-of-pocket expenses not covered by the primary plan. The plan cannot be used as a supplement to Medicare, the PEEHIP Hospital Medical Plan, or the State or Local Governmental Plans administered by the State Employees' Insurance Board (SEIB).

Effective January 1, 2020, Medicare eligible members and Medicare eligible dependents who are covered on a retiree contract were enrolled in the Humana Group Medicare Advantage Plan for PEEHIP. The plan is fully insured, and members are able to have all of their Medicare Part A (hospital insurance), Part B (medical insurance), and Part D (prescription drug coverage) in one convenient plan. Retirees can continue to see their same providers with no interruption and see any doctor who accepts Medicare on a national basis. Members have the same benefits in and out-of-network and there is no additional retiree cost share if a retiree uses an out-of-network provider and no balance billing from the provider.

C. Contributions

The *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 16-25A-8, and the *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 16-25A-8.1, provide PEEHIB with the authority to set the contribution requirements for plan members and the authority to set the employer contribution requirements for each required class, respectively. Additionally, PEEHIB is required to certify to the Governor and the Legislature, the amount, as a monthly premium per active employee necessary to fund the coverage of active and retired member benefits for the following fiscal year. The Legislature then sets the premium rate in the annual appropriation bill.

For employees who retired after September 30, 2005, but before January 1, 2012, the employer contribution of the health insurance premium set forth by PEEHIB for each retiree class is reduced by 2% for each year of service less than 25 and increased by 2% for each year of service over 25 subject to adjustment by PEEHIB for changes in Medicare premium costs required to be paid by a retiree. In no case does the employer contribution of the health insurance premium exceed 100% of the total health insurance premium cost for the retiree.

For employees who retired after December 31, 2011, the employer contribution to the health insurance premium set forth by PEEHIB for each retiree class is reduced by 4% for each year of service less than 25 and increased by 2% for each year over 25, subject to adjustment by PEEHIB for changes in Medicare premium costs required to be paid by a retiree. In no case does the employer contribution of the health insurance premium exceed 100% of the total health insurance premium cost for the retiree. For employees who retired after December 31, 2011, who are not covered by Medicare, regardless of years of service, the employer contribution to the health insurance premium set forth by PEEHIB for each retiree class is reduced by a percentage equal to 1% multiplied by the difference between the Medicare entitlement age and the age of the employee at the time of retirement as determined by PEEHIB. This reduction in the employer contribution ceases upon notification to PEEHIB of the attainment of Medicare coverage.

<u>D. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u>

At September 30, 2021, the Board reported a liability of \$33,859,486.00 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2020 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2019. The Board's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was based on the Board's share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the total employer contributions of all participating PEEHIP employers. At September 30, 2020, the Board's proportion was 0.521729%, which was a decrease of (0.065676)% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2019.

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the Board recognized OPEB income of \$1,096,006.00, with no special funding situations. At September 30, 2021, the Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on	\$ 858,652.00 11,826,853.00	\$12,173,296.00 6,287,397.00
OPEB plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between Employer		1,428.00
contributions and proportionate share of contributions Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,207,751.00 905,858.00	5,051,519.00
Total	\$15,799,114.00	\$23,513,640.00

The \$905,858.00 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended September 30, 2022.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending:					
0	Φ(O, O, 4O, O, OO)				
September 30, 2022	\$(2,842,829)				
2023	\$(2,791,250)				
2024	\$(1,956,798)				
2025	\$(2,363,839)				
2026	\$ 633,890				
Thereafter	\$ 700,442				
	,				

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- 1		
	Inflation Projected Salary Increases (1) Long-Term Investment Rate of Return (2) Municipal Bond Index Rate at the Measurement Date Municipal Bond Index Rate at the Prior Measurement Date Projected Year for Fiduciary Net Position (FNP) to be Depleted Single Equivalent Interest Rate at the Measurement Date Single Equivalent Interest Rate at the Prior Measurement Date Healthcare Cost Trend Rate: Pre-Medicare Eligible Medicare Eligible	2.75% 3.25% - 5.00% 7.25% 2.25% 3.00% 2040 3.05% 5.50% 6.75% (**)
	Pre-Medicare Eligible	

- (1) Includes 3.00% wage inflation.
- (2) Compounded annually, net of investment expense, and includes inflation.
- (**) Initial Medicare claims are set based on scheduled increases through plan year 2022.

Mortality rates for the period after service retirement are according to the RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table projected to 2020 using scale BB and adjusted 115% for all ages for males and 112% for females for ages 78 and over. The rates of disabled mortality were based on the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2020 using scale BB and adjusted 105% for males and 120% for females.

The decremental assumptions used in the valuation were selected based on the actuarial experience study prepared as of September 30, 2015, submitted to and adopted by the Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama Board on September 13, 2016.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) were based on the actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2019.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is to be reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every five years, in conjunction with similar analysis for the Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama. Several factors should be considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation), as developed for each major asset class. These ranges should be combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The long-term expected rate of return on the OPEB plan investments is determined based on the allocation of assets by asset class and by the mean and variance of real returns.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class is summarized below:

	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (*)
Fixed Income U. S. Large Stocks U. S. Mid Stocks U. S. Small Stocks International Developed Market Stocks Cash Total	30.00% 38.00% 8.00% 4.00% 15.00% 5.00%	8.00% 10.00% 11.00% 9.50% 1.50%
(*) Geometric mean, includes 2.50% inflat	iion	

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate, also known as the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR), as described by GASB Statement Number 74, used to measure the total OPEB liability at September 30, 2020, was 3.05%. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at the prior measurement date was 5.50%. Premiums paid to the Public Education Employees' Health Insurance Board for active employees shall include an amount to partially fund the cost of coverage for retired employees. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan contributions will be made at the current contribution rates. Each year, the State specifies the monthly employer rate that participating school systems must contribute for each active employee. Approximately, 14.802% of the employer contributions were used to assist in funding retiree benefit payments in 2020. It is assumed that the 14.802% will increase at the same rate as expected benefit payments for the closed group until reaching an employer of 20.000%, at which point this amount will increase by 1.00% in subsequent years. The discount rate determination will use a municipal bond rate to the extent the trust is projected to run out of money before all benefits are paid. Therefore, the projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2118. The long-term rate of return is used until the assets are expected to be depleted in 2040, after which the municipal bond rate is used.

G. Sensitivity of the Board's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates and in the Discount Rates

The following table presents the Board's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the Trust calculated using the current healthcare trend rate, as well as what the collective net OPEB liability would be if calculated using one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Current Healthcare 1% Decrease (5.75% Decreasing to 3.75% for Pre-Medicare, Known Decreasing to 3.75% for Medicare Eligible) Current Healthcare Trend Rate (6.75% Decreasing to 4.75% for Pre-Medicare Known Decreasing to 3.75% for Medicare Eligible)		1% Increase (7.75% Decreasing to 5.75% for Pre-Medicare, Known Decreasing to 5.75% for Medicare Eligible)	
Board's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability	\$26,766,033	\$33,859,486	\$43,092,750	

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The following table presents the Board's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the Trust calculated using the discount rate of 3.05%, as well as what the collective net OPEB liability would be if calculated using one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (2.05%)	Current Discount Rate (3.05%)	1% Increase (4.05%)
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability	\$41,530,416	\$33,859,486	\$27,767,106

H. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's Fiduciary Net Position is in the Trust's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. The supporting actuarial information is included in the GASB Statement Number 74 Report for PEEHIP prepared as of September 30, 2020. Additional financial and actuarial information is available at www.rsa-al.gov.

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Note 8 - Long-Term Debt

On December 16, 2009, the Alabama Public School and College Authority issued Capital Improvement Pool Qualified School Construction Bonds, Series 2009-D (Tax Credit Bonds) with a tax credit rate of 5.76% and interest rate of 1.865% on behalf of various Boards of Education in the State. The Board had a 2.06% participation in the bonds resulting in the Board's share of principal, issuance costs and net proceeds of \$3,002,000.00, \$26,425.36 and The Board is required to make sinking fund deposits of \$2,975,574.64, respectively. \$156,227.66 on December 15 in each year for fifteen years so that such deposits and any interest earned thereon shall be used to pay the principal of the bonds upon maturity and are pledged to pay the debt service requirements of the bonds. The sinking fund deposits and interest payments are payable from and secured by a pledge of the Board's allocable share of Public-School Capital Outlay Funds. In the event of default, which is defined as a failure to pay principal and interest when due, the principal of and the interest on each warrant, to the extent permitted by law, bear interest after maturity until paid or until moneys sufficient for payment thereof have been made available for that purpose by the Board, whichever first occurs, at the rate stated on such warrant. The warrants are not subject to acceleration.

In a pooled bond issue with other school systems, the Board issued Capital Improvement Pool Bonds, Series 2013-A in the principal amount of \$1,315,445.89 on June 24, 2013. The proceeds from this bond issue are to be used for the renovation of existing school facilities and construction of new school facilities. Principal and interest shall be paid solely out of local ad valorem and sales and use tax revenues and any other funds and revenues allocable or made available to the Board. However, none of such revenues or funds are pledged to secure the payment of this bond issue. In the event of default, which is defined as a failure to pay principal and interest when due, the principal of and the interest on each warrant, to the extent permitted by law, bear interest after maturity until paid or until moneys sufficient for payment thereof have been made available for that purpose by the Board, whichever first occurs, at the rate stated on such warrant. The warrants are not subject to acceleration. These warrants were partially refunded with Capital Improvement Pool Refunding Bonds, Series 2020-C.

In June 2016, the Board issued \$11,890,000 of Special Tax School Warrants, Series 2016 to provide various capital improvements (including, but not limited to, certain items of equipment). The Board hereby finds and declares that the reasonably expected economic usefulness of the various improvements funded with the proceeds of the Warrants exceeds the maturity of the Warrants being issued to fund such improvements. Payments are made with the proceeds of a special sales tax levied by the Marshall County Commission pursuant to Act Number 87-537, Acts of Alabama. In the event that the Board should default in the payment of the principal of or interest on the Warrants or should fail to comply with any of the covenants and agreements contained in this Resolution, the Bank shall be entitled to exercise all available remedies under the laws of the State of Alabama, whether in law or at equity, including without limitation, those provided for in the *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 16-13-302(d), as amended.

On November 16, 2017, the Board issued \$2,135,000 of a Special Tax School Warrant, Series 2017 to acquire and equip school buses for use by the Board. Principal and interest payments shall be paid from the one mill countywide tax levied for the support and furtherance of education by the Marshall County Commission on all taxable property in the County, pursuant to authorization contained in Section 269 of the *Constitution of Alabama 1901* and elections held on February 26, 1991 and December 15, 2015. In the event the Board should default in the payment of the principal of or interest on the Warrants, the Bank shall be entitled to exercise all available remedies under the laws of the State of Alabama, whether in law or at equity, including, without limitation, those provided for in the *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 16-13-302(d), as amended.

On December 15, 2019, the Board issued \$1,980,000.00 in Special Tax School Warrant, Series 2019 to acquire and equip school buses for use by the Board. Principal and interest payments shall be paid from the one mill countywide tax levied for the support and furtherance of education by the Marshall County Commission on all taxable property in the County, pursuant to authorization contained in Section 269 of the *Constitution of Alabama 1901* and elections held on February 26, 1991 and December 15, 2015. In the event the Board should default in the payment of the principal of or interest on the Warrant, the Bank shall be entitled to exercise all available remedies under the laws of the State of Alabama, whether in law or at equity, including, without limitation, those provided for in the *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 16-13-302(d), as amended.

On October 22, 2020, the Alabama Public School and College Authority ("APSCA"), on behalf of the Board, issued Capital Improvement Pool Refunding Bonds, Series 2020-C for the purpose of partially refunding the Series 2013-A Authority Pool Bonds. The Board's participation in the bonds resulted in the principal share totaling \$722,614.75. Although the bonds are payable from local ad valorem and sales and used taxes, none of such revenues or funds are pledged to secure the payment of the bonds.

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions for the Board for the year ended September 30, 2021:

	Debt Outstanding 10/01/2020	Issued/ Increased	Repaid/ Decreased	Debt Outstanding 09/30/2021	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Bonds/Warrants Payable:					
Qualified School Construction Bonds,					
Series 2009-D	\$ 3,002,000.00	\$	\$	\$ 3,002,000.00	\$
Capital Improvement Pool Bonds,					
Series 2013-A	969,145.09		(706,099.84)	263,045.25	61,935.25
Special Tax School Warrants,					
Series 2016	10,990,000.00		(300,000.00)	10,690,000.00	330,000.00
Special Tax School Warrant,					
Series 2017	1,540,000.00		(205,000.00)	1,335,000.00	210,000.00
Special Tax School Warrant,	. === =====		(40= 000 00)		
Series 2019	1,795,000.00		(185,000.00)	1,610,000.00	190,000.00
Capital Improvement Refunding		700 044 75	(40.700.00)	705.040.75	44.057.75
Warrants, Series 2020-C		722,614.75	(16,796.00)	705,818.75	11,657.75
Sub-Total Bonds/Warrants Payable	18,296,145.09	722,614.75	(1,412,895.84)	17,605,864.00	
Plus: Premium on Warrants	844,394.74		(41,358.11)	803,036.63	
Total Bonds/Warrants Payable	19,140,539.83		(1,454,253.95)	18,408,900.63	844,951.11
Other Liabilities:					
Net Pension Liability	48,587,000.00	7,822,000.00		56,409,000.00	
Net OPEB Liability	22,161,427.00	11,698,059.00		33,859,486.00	
Compensated Absences	790,341.77	, ,	(41,765.00)	748,576.77	
Total Other Liabilities	71,538,768.77	19,520,059.00	(41,765.00)	91,017,062.77	
Total Governmental Activities	,,	-,,	, , ,	,- ,	
Long-Term Liabilities	\$90,679,308.60	\$20,242,673.75	\$(1,496,018.95)	\$109,425,963.40	\$844,951.11
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The compensated absences liability will be liquidated by the General Fund or the fund for which the employee worked.

The following is a schedule of debt service requirements to maturity:

_	Total Principal and Interest Requirements		
Fiscal Year Ending	Principal	Interest	to Maturity
September 30, 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027-2031 2032-2036	\$ 803,593.00 851,687.00 893,731.25 940,941.25 3,975,786.50 3,848,297.50 3,281,827.50	\$ 538,498.70 514,625.71 487,369.23 459,720.87 388,426.94 1,456,747.73 859,004.27	\$ 1,342,091.70 1,366,312.71 1,381,100.48 1,400,662.12 4,364,213.44 5,305,045.23 4,140,831.77
2037-2041	3,010,000.00	255,800.00	3,265,800.00
Totals	\$17,605,864.00	\$4,960,193.45	\$25,566,057.45

Premiums

The Board reports warrant premiums on debt in connection with the issuance of its 2016 Special School Tax Warrants. The warrant premiums are being amortized using the straight-line method over the term of the related debt.

1-	
Total Premiums Prior Year Reductions	\$1,020,166.70 (175,771.96)
Balance 09/30/2020 Current Year Reductions	844,394.74 (41,358.11)
Balance 09/30/2021	\$ 803,036.63
Current Portion Long-Term Portion	\$ 41,358.11 \$ 761,678.52

Pledged Revenues

The Board issued Series 2009-D Capital Improvement Pool Qualified School Construction Bonds, which are pledged to be repaid from their allocation of public school funds received from the State of Alabama. The proceeds are to be used for the acquisition, construction and renovation of school facilities. Future revenues in the amount \$1,365,057.97 are pledged to repay the principal and interest on the bonds at September 30, 2021. Also, the Board contributes annually to a sinking fund held by the State of Alabama. At September 30, 2021, the balance of cash with fiscal agent was \$1,874,888.04. The total of pledged revenues and the sinking fund balance totaled \$3,239,946.01, which equals the total required to service the entire debt. Pledged funds in the amount of \$212,214.96 were used to pay sinking fund deposits and interest on the bonds during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The Series 2009-D bonds will mature in fiscal year 2026.

The Board issued Series 2016 Special Tax School Warrants to provide various capital improvements (including, but not limited to, certain items of equipment). The Board pledged to repay the 2016 Warrants from the proceeds of a Special Sales Tax levied in the County District by the County pursuant to Act Number 87-537, Acts of Alabama. Future revenues of \$15,045,450.00 are pledged to repay the principal and interest on the warrants at September 30, 2021. Pledged funds in the amount of \$709,500.00 were used to pay principal and interest on the bonds during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The Series 2016 warrants will mature in fiscal year 2041.

The Board issued Series 2017 Special Tax School Warrants to acquire and equip school buses for use by the Board. The Board pledged to repay the 2017 Warrant from the one mill countywide tax levied for the support and furtherance of education by the Marshall County Commission on all taxable property in the County, pursuant to authorization contained in Section 269 of the Constitution and elections held on February 26, 1991 and December 15, 2015. Future revenues of \$1,425,444.25 are pledged to repay the principal and interest on the warrants at September 30, 2021. Fleet Renewal funds totaling \$236,768.75 were used to pay principal and interest on the warrants during fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The Series 2017 warrants will mature in fiscal year 2027.

On October 15, 2019, the Board issued \$1,980,000.00 in Special Tax School Warrant, Series 2019, dated October 24, 2019. The warrant proceeds were used to pay a portion of the costs of acquiring school buses and to pay the costs of issuing the Warrant. The Board pledged to repay the 2019 Warrant from the one mill countywide tax levied for the support and furtherance of education by the Marshall County Commission on all taxable property in the County, pursuant to authorization contained in Section 269 of the Constitution and elections held on February 26, 1991 and December 15, 2015. Future revenues of \$1,743,219.00 are pledged to repay principal and interest on the warrants at September 30, 2021. Fleet Renewal funds totaling \$219,390.50 were used to pay principal and interest on the warrants during fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The Series 2019 warrants will mature in fiscal year 2029.

Defeased Debt

On October 22, 2020, the Alabama Public School and College Authority, on behalf of the various Boards of Education in the pool, issued \$147,280,000 in Taxable Capital Improvement Pool Refunding Bonds, Series 2020-C ("Series 2020-C") with interest rates ranging from 0.253% to 2.444% to partially refund portions of the Capital Outlay Pool Warrant, Series 2013-A; Capital Outlay Pool Warrant, Series 2013-B; Capital Outlay Pool Warrant, Series 2013-D and Capital Outlay Pool Warrant, Series 2015-C. The net proceeds of \$147,280,000 and payment of \$382,736.30 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs were used to purchase U. S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on partially refunded warrants.

The Board had a 2.21% participation in Series 2020-C. The proceeds of the Series 2020-C Bonds were used for the purpose of advance refunding a portion of the Board's Series 2013-A Capital Outlay Pool Warrants. The net proceeds of \$722,614.75 were used to purchase U. S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the advance refunded portion of the Capital Outlay Pool Warrant, Series 2013-A. As a result, the advance refunded portion of the Capital Outlay Pool Warrant, Series 2013-A, are considered defeased and the liability for that portion of those warrants has been removed.

The advance refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$73,588.80. As a result of the advance refunding, the Board increased its total debt service requirements by \$75,466.66 which resulted in an economic loss (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$75,893.64.

Note 9 - Risk Management

The Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Board has insurance for its buildings and contents through the State Insurance Fund (SIF) part of the State of Alabama, Department of Finance, Division of Risk Management, which operates as a common risk management and insurance program for state owned properties and county boards of education. The Board pays an annual premium based on the amount of coverage requested. The SIF is self-insured up to \$3.5 million per occurrence and purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of \$3.5 million. Automobile liability insurance and errors and omissions insurance is purchased from the Alabama Trust for Boards of Education (ATBE), a public entity risk pool. The ATBE collects the premiums and purchases excess insurance for any amount of coverage requested by pool participants in excess of the coverage provided by the pool. Employee health insurance is provided through the Public Education Employees' Health Insurance Fund (PEEHIF), administered by the Public Education Employees' Health Insurance Board (PEEHIB). The Fund was established to provide a uniform plan of health insurance for current and retired employees of state educational institutions and is self-sustaining. Monthly premiums for employee and dependent coverage are determined annually by the plan's actuary and are based on anticipated claims in the upcoming year, considering any remaining fund balance on hand available for claims. The Board contributes a specified amount monthly to the PEEHIF for each employee of state educational institutions. The Board's contribution is applied against the employees' premiums for the coverage selected and the employee pays any remaining premium.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the Board's coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Board does not have insurance coverage of job-related injuries. Board employees who are injured while on the job are entitled to salary and fringe benefits of up to ninety working days in accordance with the *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 16-1-18.1(d). Any unreimbursed medical expenses and costs which the employee incurs as a result of an on-the-job injury may be filed for reimbursement with the State Board of Adjustment.

Note 10 - Interfund Transactions

Interfund Receivables and Payables

The interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2021, were as follows:

	Interfund Receivables General	Total
	Fund	rotai
Interfund Payables: Special Revenue Fund	\$3,322,586.48	\$3,322,586.48
Totals	\$3,322,586,48	\$3,322,586.48

Interfund Transfers

The amounts of interfund transfers during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, were as follows:

		Transfers In		
		Special	Other	
	General	Revenue	Governmental	
	Fund	Fund	Funds	Total
Transfers Out: General Fund	\$	¢1 220 902 46	\$1,244,115.29	¢2 464 019 75
Special Revenue Fund	φ 22,651.74	φ1,220,603.40	\$1,244,115.29	22,651.74
Total	\$22,651.74	\$1,220,803.46	\$1,244,115.29	\$2,487,570.49
		-	·	

The Board typically used transfers to fund ongoing operating subsidies, and to recoup certain expenditures paid on-behalf of the local schools.

Note 11 - Line of Credit

The Board entered into a commercial line of credit with Citizens Bank & Trust in the amount of \$3,000,000.00 on September 4, 2009, to cover payroll expenses, as needed in times of funding shortages. On November 19, 2020, the Board passed a resolution to authorize the Superintendent and Chief School Financial Officer to execute any and all documents necessary to establish a line of credit sufficient to cover any and all payroll expenses, as needed. On February 24, 2021, the Board renewed their agreement. The line of credit has an interest rate of 3.750% and matures on February 25, 2022. All amounts borrowed were repaid during the year. Short-term debt activity for the year ended September 30, 2021, was as follows:

\$	\$2,500,000.00	\$2,500,000.00	\$
<u></u>	1,100,000.00	1,100,000.00	\$
	\$ \$	1,100,000.00	1,100,000.00 1,100,000.00

Note 12 - Subsequent Event

On December 1, 2021, the Board entered into a capital lease with First American Education Finance in the amount of \$135,900.00 to purchase two 2016 Kenworth Trucks to be used in the District's CDL Program. Revenues collected from the CDL Program will be used to service the debt of the lease.

Note 13 - Restatement

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the Board adopted new accounting guidance by implementing the provisions of GASB Statement Number 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which establishes criteria for identifying and reporting fiduciary activities. The implementation of this statement has resulted in changing the presentation of the financial statements by reclassifying funds previously reported as agency funds to custodial funds, which have beginning net position. Beginning net position has been restated to reflect this change.

	Custodial Fund
Net Position – September 30, 2020, as Previously Reported Reclassification from Agency Fund to Custodial Fund Net Position – September 30, 2020, as Restated	\$ 153,595.42 \$153,595.42



Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (Dollar amounts in thousands)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability	0.456024%	0.439430%	0.452598%	0.443065%	0.440378%	0.446621%	0.449653%
Employer's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability \$	\$ 56,409 \$	48,587 \$	45,000 \$	43,547 \$	47,675 \$	46,742 \$	40,849
Employer's covered payroll during the measurement period (*)	\$ 32,353 \$	31,335 \$	30,206 \$	29,274 \$	28,014 \$	28,268 \$	28,515
Employer's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	174.35%	155.06%	148.98%	148.76%	170.18%	165.35%	143.25%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total collective pension liability	67.72%	69.85%	72.29%	71.50%	67.93%	67.51%	71.01%

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^(*) Employer's covered payroll during the measurement period is the total covered payroll (See GASB Statement Number 82). For fiscal year 2021, the measurement period is October 1, 2019 through September 30, 2020.

Schedule of the Employer's Contributions - Pension For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (Dollar amounts in thousands)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 4,009	\$ 3,933	\$ 3,828	\$ 3,610	\$ 3,469	\$ 3,311	\$ 3,296
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 4,009	\$ 3,933	\$ 3,828	\$ 3,610	\$ 3,469	\$ 3,311	\$ 3,296
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 5	\$
Employer's covered payroll	\$ 33,353	\$ 32,353	\$ 31,335	\$ 30,206	\$ 29,274	\$ 28,014	\$ 28,268
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	12.02%	12.16%	12.22%	11.95%	11.85%	11.82%	11.66%

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Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability Alabama Retired Education Employees' Health Care Trust For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (Dollar amounts in thousands)

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	2021	2020	2019	2018
Employer's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability	0.521729%	0.587405%	0.569064%	0.541922%
Employer's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 33,859 \$	22,161 \$	46,770 \$	40,251
Employer's covered-employee payroll during the measurement period (*)	\$ 32,353 \$	31,335 \$	30,206 \$	29,274
Employer's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	104.65%	70.72%	154.84%	137.50%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total collective OPEB liability	19.80%	28.14%	14.81%	15.37%

^(*) Employer's covered-employee payroll during the measurement period is the total covered payroll. For fiscal year 2021, the measurement period is October 1, 2019 through September 30, 2020.

Schedule of the Employer's Contributions - Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Alabama Retired Education Employees' Health Care Trust For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (Dollar amounts in thousands)

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 906	\$ 1,035	\$ 1,689	\$ 1,407
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 906	\$ 1,035	\$ 1,689	\$ 1,407
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$	\$	\$
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$ 33,353	\$ 32,353	\$ 31,335	\$ 30,206
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	2.72%	3.20%	5.39%	4.66%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

In 2019, the anticipated rates of participation, spouse coverage, and tobacco use were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

In 2016, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, spouse coverage, and tobacco usage were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2016, economic assumptions and the assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience. In 2016 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table projected to 2020 using scale BB and adjusted 115% for all ages for males and 112% for ages 78 and over for females. The rates of disabled mortality were based on the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2020 using Scale BB and adjusted 105% for males and 120% for females.

Recent Plan Changes

Beginning in plan year 2021, the Medicare Advantage Plan with Prescription Drug Coverage (MAPD) plan premium rates exclude the Affordable Care Act (ACA) Health Insurer Fee which was repealed on December 20, 2019.

Effective January 1, 2017, Medicare eligible medical and prescription drug benefits are provided through the Medicare Advantage Plan with Prescription Drug Coverage (MAPD).

The Health Plan is changed each year to reflect the Affordable Care Act (ACA) maximum annual out-of-pocket amounts.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Method and Assumptions Used in Calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the Schedule of Employer's Contributions – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) are calculated as of September 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. Therefore, the actuarially determined employer contribution for fiscal year ending September 30, 2020, is determined based on the actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2017. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level percent of pay
Remaining Amortization Period 24 years, closed
Asset Valuation Method Market Value of Assets

Inflation 2.75% Healthcare Cost Trend Rate:

Pre-Medicare Eligible 7.00%

Medicare Eligible (*) 5.00% (beginning in 2019)

Ultimate Trend Rate:

Pre-Medicare Eligible 4.75% Medicare Eligible 4.75%

Year of Ultimate Trend Rate 2026 for Pre-Medicare Eligible 2024 for Medicare Eligible

Investment Rate of Return 5.00%, including inflation

(*) Initial Medicare claims are set based on scheduled increases through plan year 2019.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts		В	udget to GAAP	Actual Amounts	
-		Original	Final	Budgetary Basis			Differences	GAAP Basis
Revenues								
State	\$	38,575,544.34 \$	38,610,790.34	\$ 40,933,287.04		\$	\$	40,933,287.04
Federal		2,000.00	2,000.00	273,531.82				273,531.82
Local		10,758,000.00	10,758,000.00	11,139,632.75	(1)		(145,377.85)	10,994,254.90
Other		250,000.00	250,000.00	288,904.24				288,904.24
Total Revenues		49,585,544.34	49,620,790.34	52,635,355.85	_		(145,377.85)	52,489,978.00
Expenditures								
Current:								
Instruction		25,434,078.75	25,439,252.94	26,192,217.62	(2)		68,715.69	26,260,933.31
Instructional Support		8,557,566.98	8,574,100.98	8,277,298.69	(2)		116,951.88	8,394,250.57
Operation and Maintenance		3,802,696.02	3,808,929.01	4,634,190.49	(2)		(1,094.68)	4,633,095.81
Auxiliary Services:								
Student Transportation		3,607,470.55	3,607,470.55	3,857,584.27	(2)		7,383.13	3,864,967.40
General Administrative and Central Support		2,647,283.95	2,657,775.76	2,757,272.55			7,380.83	2,764,653.38
Other		2,168,838.46	2,168,838.46	2,326,687.80	(2)		3,642.41	2,330,330.21
Capital Outlay		1,097,887.63	44,625.00	299,121.13				299,121.13
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement		358,931.89	358,931.89	375,747.75				375,747.75
Interest and Fiscal Charges		447,437.12	447,437.12	431,349.29				431,349.29
Debt Issuance Costs/Other Debt Service		1,500.00	1,500.00	1,501.37	_			1,501.37
Total Expenditures		48,123,691.35	47,108,861.71	49,152,970.96	_		202,979.26	49,355,950.22
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		1,461,852.99	2,511,928.63	3,482,384.89	_		(348,357.11)	3,134,027.78
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Indirect Cost		463,683.46	463,158.35	637,722.79				637,722.79
Transfers In		696,047.17	696,047.17	22,651.74				22,651.74
Other Financing Sources				34,247.43				34,247.43
Sale of Capital Assets				36,080.90				36,080.90
Transfers Out		(2,208,620.91)	(3,279,308.54)	(2,464,918.75)	<u> </u>			(2,464,918.75)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,048,890.28)	(2,120,103.02)	(1,734,215.89))			(1,734,215.89)
Net Changes in Fund Balances		412,962.71	391,825.61	1,748,169.00			(348,357.11)	1,399,811.89
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		3,528,919.07	3,531,377.15	3,531,377.15	(3)		(4,529,405.93)	(998,028.78)
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	3,941,881.78 \$	3,923,202.76	\$ 5,279,546.15	_	\$	(4,877,763.04) \$	401,783.11

53 Exhibit #13

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Explanation of differences between Actual Amounts on Budgetary Basis and Actual Amounts on GAAP Basis:

The Board budgets on the modified accrual basis of accounting except as shown below:

(1) The Board budgets for local revenues only to the extent that they are expected to be received, rather than on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

\$ (145,377.85)

(2) The Board budgets for salaries and benefits only to the extent expected to be paid, rather than on the modified accrual basis.

176,286.71

Net Change in Fund Balance - Budget to GAAP

\$ (348,357.11)

(3) The amount reported as "fund balance" on the budgetary basis of accounting derives from the basis of accounting used in preparing the Board's budget. This amount differs from the fund balance reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances because of the cumulative effect of transactions such as those described above.

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Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	 Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts		Budget to GAAP	Actual Amounts	
	 Original	Final	E	Budgetary Basis		Differences	GAAP Basis	
Revenues								
State	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 2,000.00) \$	49,158.97	;	\$	\$ 49,158.97	
Federal	8,725,485.95	11,490,010.6	4	13,315,011.29			13,315,011.29	
Local	2,410,210.00	2,410,210.0	0	1,338,332.65			1,338,332.65	
Other	52,500.00	52,500.00	0	27,785.90			27,785.90	
Total Revenues	 11,190,195.95	13,954,720.6	4	14,730,288.81	_		14,730,288.81	
Expenditures								
Current:								
Instruction	4,206,213.99	6,046,320.5	3	7,306,600.47			7,306,600.47	
Instructional Support	2,178,601.41	2,322,657.8	5	2,168,406.23			2,168,406.23	
Operation and Maintenance	183,900.00	576,242.62	2	554,861.55			554,861.55	
Auxiliary Services:								
Student Transportation	85,402.60	306,664.5	5	58,378.14			58,378.14	
Food Service	4,933,256.62	4,933,256.62	2	4,564,565.74	(1)	(4,181.49)	4,560,384.25	
General Administrative and Central Support	293,928.93	302,661.28	3	482,506.70			482,506.70	
Other	805,886.02	939,997.19	9	625,097.69			625,097.69	
Capital Outlay	24,905.00	48,804.00	0	63,055.61			63,055.61	
Total Expenditures	 12,712,094.57	15,476,604.6	4	15,823,472.13	_	(4,181.49)	15,819,290.64	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	 (1,521,898.62)	(1,521,884.0	0)	(1,093,183.32)	_	4,181.49	(1,089,001.83)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers In	1,768,535.05	1,768,535.0	5	1,220,803.46			1,220,803.46	
Transfers Out	(429,388.97)	(429,388.9)	7)	(22,651.74)			(22,651.74)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 1,339,146.08	1,339,146.0	8	1,198,151.72	_		1,198,151.72	
Net Changes in Fund Balances	(182,752.54)	(182,737.92	2)	104,968.40		4,181.49	109,149.89	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	 2,288,995.86	2,282,685.3	7	2,129,089.95	(2)	(211,330.84)	1,917,759.11	
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 2,106,243.32	\$ 2,099,947.4	5 \$	2,234,058.35	<u>:</u>	(207,149.35)	\$ 2,026,909.00	

55 Exhibit #14

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Explanation of differences between Actual Amounts on Budgetary Basis and Actual Amounts on GAAP Basis:

The Board budgets on the modified accrual basis of accounting except as shown below:

(1) The Board budgets for salaries and benefits only to the extent expected to be paid, rather than on the modified accrual basis

Net Change in Fund Balance- Budget to GAAP

\$ 4,181.49 \$ 4,181.49

(2) The amount reported as "fund balance" on the budgetary basis of accounting derives from the basis of accounting used in preparing the Board's budget. This amount differs from the fund balance reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances because of the cumulative effect of transactions such as those described above.

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Supplementary Information

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Ī	Total Federal Expenditures
U. S. Department of Agriculture				
Passed Through Alabama Department of Education				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
School Breakfast Program - Cash Assistance	10.553	N/A	\$	912,834.88
National School Lunch Program:				
Cash Assistance	10.555	N/A		2,379,531.61
Non-Cash Assistance	10.555	N/A		159,233.32
Sub-Total National School Lunch Program				2,538,764.93
Sub-Total Child Nutrition Cluster				3,451,599.81
State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition	10.560	N/A		20,866.15
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	N/A		129.60
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture				3,472,595.56
U. S. Department of the Treasury				
Passed Through Alabama Department of Education				
COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	N/A		765,105.78
Total U. S. Department of the Treasury				765,105.78
General Services Administration				
Passed Through Alabama Department of Economic and Community Affairs				
Donation of Federal Surplus Personal Property (N)	39.003	N/A	-	2,596.36
Sub-Total Forward			\$	4,240,297.70

58 Exhibit #15

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	E	Total Federal Expenditures
Sub-Total Brought Forward			\$	4,240,297.70
U. S. Department of Education				
Passed Through Alabama Department of Education				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	N/A		3,159,436.36
Migrant Education-State Grant Program	84.011	N/A		134,352.81
Special Education Cluster:				
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	N/A		1,130,059.12
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	N/A		24,456.00
Sub-Total Special Education Cluster			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,154,515.12
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	N/A		159,410.00
Education for Homeless Children and Youth	84.196	N/A		39,284.69
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	N/A		190,809.24
Rural Education	84.358	N/A		107,033.35
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	N/A		70,480.00
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	N/A		402,463.79
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	N/A		161,000.00
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund:				
COVID-19 Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund	84.425C	N/A		409,758.00
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	N/A		3,308,177.31
COVID-19 American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School				
Emergency Relief - Homeless Children and Youth	84.425W	N/A		9,228.53
Sub-Total COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund				3,727,163.84
Passed Through Alabama Department of Rehabilitation Services				
Rehabilitation Services - Vocational Rehabilitation Grants to the States	84.126	N/A		43,782.63
Total U. S. Department of Education				9,349,731.83
Social Security Administration				
Passed Through Alabama Department of Education				
Social Security - Disability Insurance	96.001	N/A		1,109.94
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	13,591,139.47

(N) = Non-Cash Assistance N/A = Not Available/Not Applicable

The accompanying Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are an integral part of this schedule.

59 Exhibit #15

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Marshall County Board of Education under programs of the federal government for the year ended September 30, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U. S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (*Uniform Guidance*). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Marshall County Board of Education, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the Marshall County Board of Education.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the *Uniform Guidance* wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3 – Indirect Cost Rate

The Marshall County Board of Education has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed in the *Uniform Guidance*.

Additional Information

Board Members and Administrative Personnel October 1, 2020 through September 30, 2021

Board Members		Term Expires
Hon. Bill Hancock	President	November 2024
Hon. Terry Kennamer	Former President	November 2020
Hon. Tony Simmons	Vice-President	November 2024
Hon. Joe Van Bunch	Member	November 2022
Hon. Mark Rains	Member	November 2022
Hon. Brian Naugher	Member	November 2024
Administrative Personnel		
Cindy Wigley, Ed. D.	Superintendent	December 2021
Bob Hagood	Chief School Financial Officer	Indefinite

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

Members of the Marshall County Board of Education, Superintendent and Chief School Financial Officer Guntersville, Alabama

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Marshall County Board of Education, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Marshall County Board of Education's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 8, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Marshall County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Marshall County Board of Educations' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Marshall County Board of Education's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Marshall County Board of Education's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted certain matters that we have reported to the management of the Marshall County Board of Education in the Schedule of State and Local Compliance and Other Findings.

Marshall County Board of Education's Response to Findings

The Marshall County Board of Education's response to the findings identified in the Schedule of State and Local Compliance and Other Findings is described in the accompanying Auditee Response. The Marshall County Board of Education's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rachel Laurie Riddle Chief Examiner

Department of Examiners of Public Accounts

Montgomery, Alabama

August 8, 2022

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Independent Auditor's Report

Members of the Marshall County Board of Education, Superintendent and Chief School Financial Officer Guntersville, Alabama

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Marshall County Board of Education's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Marshall County Board of Education's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2021. The Marshall County Board of Education's major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Examiner's Results Section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance with each of the Marshall County Board of Education's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U. S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (*Uniform Guidance*). Those standards and the *Uniform Guidance* require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Marshall County Board of Education's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Marshall County Board of Education's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Marshall County Board of Education complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Marshall County Board of Education is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Marshall County Board of Education's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the *Uniform Guidance*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Marshall County Board of Education's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the *Uniform Guidance*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rachel Laurie Riddle Chief Examiner

Department of Examiners of Public Accounts

Montgomery, Alabama

August 8, 2022

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Section I – Summary of Examiner's Results

Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the audited financial statements were prepared in accordance with GAAP: Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified?	<u>Unmodified</u> Yes <u>X</u> No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	YesXNone reportedYesXNo
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major federal programs: Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs: Any audit findings disclosed that are required	Yes X None reported Unmodified
to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a) of the <i>Uniform Guidance</i> Identification of major federal programs:	? Yes <u>X</u> No
Assistance Listing Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
84.010	Title I Grants to Local Educational
21.019 84.425	Agencies COVID-19 – Coronavirus Relief Fund COVID-19 – Education Stabilization Fund
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000.00
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes X_No
Marshall County 69 Board of Education	9 Exhibit #19

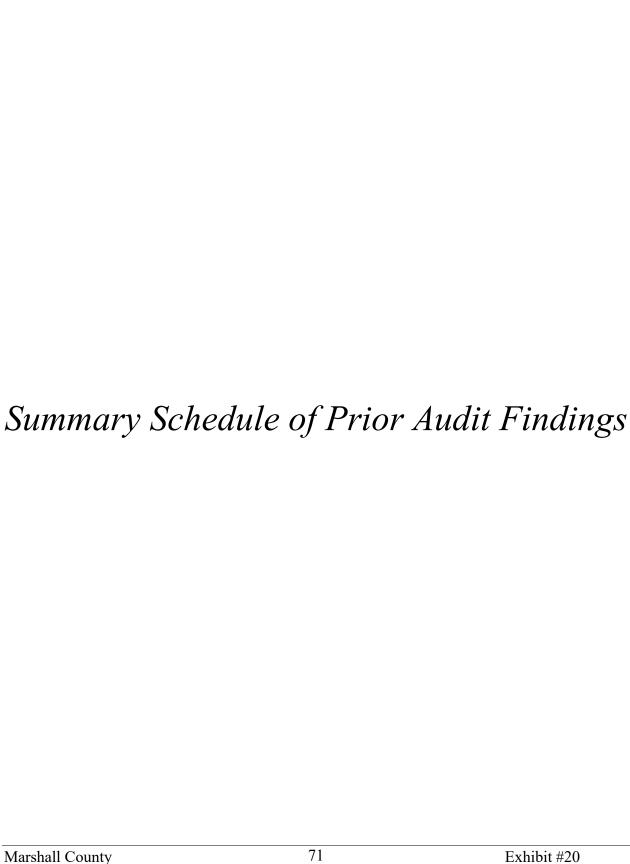
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Section II – Financial Statement Findings (GAGAS)

No matters were reportable.

Section III - Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

No matters were reportable.



BOARD OF EDUCATION

Mr. Joe Van Bunch
Mr. Bill Hancock
Mr. BinNaghr
Mr. Mark Rains
Mr. Tony Simmons
SUPERINTENDENT
Dr. Cindy Wigley



MARSHALL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION 12380 U.S. Highway 431 South Guntersville, Alabama 35976 www.marshallk12.org (256) 582-3171 (256) 582-3178 - FAX

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

As required by the *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, 2 CFR 200.511, the Marshall County Board of Education has prepared and hereby submits the following Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings as of September 30, 2021.

Finding Ref. No.

Status of Prior Audit Finding

2020-003 Finding:

Financial Procedures for Local Schools prescribed by the Alabama Department of Education establish two major categories of funds to be maintained by local schools: public and non-public. Expenditures from public funds are restricted to the same legal requirements as Board funds. Expenditures for non-public funds are subject to the intent and authorization of the organization's sponsors and officers and are not to be used for the general operations of the school. The principal does not direct the use of non-public funds but does have the authority to prohibit inappropriate expenditures. Of the 4 schools tested, 2 had deficit balances in non-public activities meaning that more funds were expended in these activities than were available. Since public and non-public activities are included in the same bank account, deficits in non-public activities mean that public money had to be used to finance non-public activities. The Board did not have procedures in place to ensure local school activities had funds available before expenditures were made. As a result, some non-public activities expended more money than was available causing public funds to finance those activities. This was previously reported as Finding 2019-007.

Corrective Action was taken in 2021.

2020-004 Finding:

Financial Procedures for Local Schools prescribed by the Alabama Department of Education provide that teacher receipt books should be returned to the principal at the end of the school year. Also, after completion of a fundraising activity, a form that documents the results of the fundraising activity should be submitted to the principal and reconciled to the master receipts. Teacher receipt books and fundraiser forms for Brindlee Mountain High School were not available for review. Procedures were not in place to ensure financial records were adequately maintained. As a result, money receipted by teachers and fundraising proceeds were subjected to the risk of loss or theft.

Corrective Action was taken in 2021.

Auditee Response

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Mr. Joe Van Bunch

Mr. Bill Hancock

Mr. Brian Naugher

Mr. Mark Rains

Mr. Tony Simmons

SUPERINTENDENT

Dr. Cindy Wigley



MARSHALL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

12380 U.S. Highway 431 South Guntersville, Alabama 35976 www.marshallk12.org (256) 582-3171 (256) 582-3178 - FAX

Auditee Response For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

The Marshall County Board of Education has prepared and hereby submits the following Auditee Response for the findings which are included in the Schedule of State and Local Compliance and Other Findings for the year ended September 30, 2021.

Finding Ref.

No.

Corrective Action Plan Details

2021-001 Finding:

The Code of Alabama 1975, Section 16-13B-1, requires all expenditure of funds of whatever nature for labor, services, work, or for the purchase of materials, equipment, supplies, or other personal property involving fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) or more made by or on behalf of any county board of education to be made under contractual agreement entered into by free and open competitive bidding, on sealed bids, to the lowest responsible bidder. Additionally, the Code of Alabama 1975, Section 16-13B-4(d), provides that all original bids, together with all documents pertaining to the award of the contract, be retained in accordance with a retention period of at least seven years established by the Local Government Records Commission and shall be open to public inspection. During the audit period, the Marshall County Board of Education (the "Board") expended in excess of \$15,000 for various goods or services without properly bidding them or maintaining supporting documentation of items purchased utilizing the State of Alabama's Statewide Contract bid list, joint purchasing agreements, or other means. The Board did not have procedures in place to ensure expenditures which met the competitive bid law threshold requirements were competitively bid and that all documentation of the awarding of contracts was retained in accordance with statute. As a result, the Board did not ensure a fair and competitive purchasing process was followed in the awarding of some contracts. This finding was previously reported as Finding 2019-001 and Finding 2020-001.

Recommendation:

The Board should ensure compliance with the *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 16-13B-1 and Section 16-13B-4(d) relating to the Alabama Competitive Bid Law.

Response/Views: The Board agrees with the finding. The Board does have procedures in place concerning the state bid law. The procedures in place were not followed by the previous CSFO. Due to the timing of the audit, this is a finding that carried over from the

FY2020 audit.

Corrective Action Planned: The CSFO will review all purchases to ensure a fair and competitive purchasing process is followed in awarding contracts. Training has been provided to employees who have responsibility for the procurement process. The district will continue to provide training to employees on an ongoing basis. The district has also assigned the procurement responsibility to a finance employee to assist the CSFO in the procurement process.

Reason for the Recurrence: Due to the timing of the completion of the 2019 and 2020 audit, the original finding was not known until after the September 30, 2021 fiscal year end.

Anticipated Completion Date: The completion date occurred during fiscal year 2021. When the district became aware of the finding, the corrective action plan was implemented. Due to the timing of the audit, the corrective action will not be fully implemented until fiscal year 2022.

Contact Person: Bob Hagood

2021-002 Finding:

The *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 39-1-1(g), provides for contracts less than \$50,000.00, a notice of final completion must be published one time in a newspaper of general circulation, published in the county of the contracting agency, and shall post the notice of final completion on the contracting agency's bulletin board for one week. Additionally, the contractor shall certify under oath that all bills have been paid in full. Final settlement with the contractor may be made any time after the notice has been posted for one entire week. The Board did not publish a notice of final completion in a newspaper or on their bulletin board for one week before making final payment on 4 public works contracts less than \$50,000. Also, the Board did not require the contractor to certify under oath that all bills were paid in full. The Board did not have procedures in place to ensure expenditures which met the public works requirements were properly advertised upon completion or to require the contractor to certify under oath that all bills were paid in full. As a result, the Board failed to ensure all requirements for public works contracts were met. This finding was previously reported as Finding 2020-002.

Recommendation:

The Board should ensure compliance with the *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 39-1-1(g) relating to the Alabama Public Works Law.

Response/Views: The Board agrees with the finding.

Corrective Action Planned: The CSFO will review all purchases to ensure that the Alabama Public Works Law is followed as detailed in Code of Alabama 1975, Section 39-1-1(g). Training will be provided to employees responsible for items that fall under the Alabama Public Works Law. The district has also assigned the procurement responsibility to a finance employee to assist the CSFO in the procurement process.

Reason for the Recurrence: Due to the timing of the completion of the 2020 audit, the original finding was not known until after the September 30, 2021 fiscal year end.

Anticipated Completion Date: The completion date occurred during fiscal year 2021. When the district became aware of the finding, the corrective action plan was implemented. Due to the timing of the audit, the corrective action will not be fully implemented until fiscal year 2022.

Contact Person: Bob Hagood

Dr. Cindy Wigley, Superintendent Marshall County Board of Education

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